

colleague, said that Sen. Ernest F. Hollings (D-S.C.) should be removed from the Senate intelligence committee for saying earlier in the week that he was "positive" the president knew of the Iran-contra connection. Hollings replied in a statement that he had not said that the president lied but that Reagan had "not fully informed the American people."

Sen. Orrin G. Hatch (R-Utah) yesterday added his voice to those in the GOP urging Reagan to resign and predicting that Casey may lose his job as a result of the arms funds diversion.

Hatch, who specified that his judgment was not based on this week's secret testimony before the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, on which he sits, said of Reagan: "He [Regan] did not protect the president. He did not inform the president. Or, what is worse, he did not assure that he was informed himself."

While saying that "the only one who has to go is Regan," Hatch said pressure is building for the removal of Casey as well. As in the past, Hatch said he had "very high regard" for the job Casey has done and thinks that "he's always been very honest with me."

"I don't want to see Casey go," Hatch said, "but he doesn't have the confidence of the Democrats who are in charge of Congress or of many Republicans There's a time to clean house, and one element has to be who has the confidence of Congress and who doesn't."

In Greencastle, Ind., Sen. Richard G. Lugar (R-Ind.), chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said in a speech that the scandal does not warrant the president's resignation and that he had

"confidence that the president has not committed misdeeds," United Press International reported.

Lugar said, however, that he thinks that the situation could be a "national emergency" and that several high officials should resign to allow a "new beginning" in the nation's foreign affairs. Lugar has called for the resignations of Regan and Casey.

One White House official said yesterday that Republican legislators are becoming increasingly "impatient" because they want "instant answers" to the serious legal and policy questions raised by the clandestine arms deals. Regan has become a principal target for Republican lawmakers and several past and present administration officials because they think that his continued presence will make it difficult for the administration to lay out an agenda for the final two years of Reagan's presidency.

"He [Regan] is a captive of this scandal whether or not he knows what went on," said one Republican strategist. "He made a point of being a powerful chief of staff, and people think he should have known about such things. As long as Don is there, he will be questioned about the arms deal, not about what the president wants to accomplish on other matters."

Regan, usually gregarious, has avoided the limelight and shunned the news media since the president returned from Santa Barbara, Calif., last weekend. When the president departed for Camp David yesterday, the chief of staff did not see him off as usual, apparently to avoid reporters' questions.

Staff writers Helen Dewar and Barbara Vobejda contributed to this report.